LAW OFFICES OF SIMON HARTER, ESQ. Simon Harter (SH-8540) 304 Park Avenue South – 11th Floor New York, New York 10010 (212) 979-0250 – Phone

(212) 979-0251 - Fax

Attorneys for Plaintiff, Metall und Rohstoff Shipping (and Holdings) B.V.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

METALL UND ROHSTOFF SHIPPING (AND : HOLDINGS) B.V.,

Plaintiff,

-against-

VERIFIED COMPLAINT

CASHIER

SAMSUN LOGIX CORPORATION.,

Defendant.

Plaintiff, METALL UND ROHSTOFF SHIPPING (AND HOLDINGS) B.V., by its Attorneys, Law Offices of Simon Harter, Esq., as and for its Verified Complaint against the named Defendant, SAMSUN LOGIX CORPORATION, alleges upon information and belief as follows:

This is an admiralty and maritime claim within the meaning of Rule 9(h) of 1. the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, in that it involves claims for breach of a maritime contract of charter party. This case also falls under this Court's admiralty and maritime jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1333, and this Court's federal question jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C.

- §1331. Finally, this Court also has jurisdiction over this matter because this action also arises under the Federal Arbitration Act, 9 U.S.C. § 1, et seq., and the Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards, 9 U.S.C. § 201 et seq.
- 2. At all times relevant hereto, Plaintiff was and still is a foreign business entity organized and existing under the laws of The Netherlands with a registered office at World Trade Centre Tower H, Zuidplein 164, 1077 XV Amsterdam, The Netherlands.
- 3. At all times relevant hereto, Defendant was and still is a foreign business entity organized and existing under the laws of Korea, with a registered office at 5-6F, Lee Ma Building, 146-1, Soosong-dong, Jongno-gu, Seoul, Korea.
- 4. On or about January 11, 2005, Plaintiff, in the capacity as owner, entered into a maritime contract of charter party, written on an amended New York Produce Exchange form, with Defendant, under which Plaintiff agreed to let and Defendant agreed to charter the Motor Vessel AFRICAN ZEBRA (*ex* M/V HANDY TIGER) for a period of time commencing between February 12 and 28, 2005 and extending to a period of about twenty-one to twenty-three months. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the charter party, Defendant was obligated to pay Plaintiff the sum of \$20,530.00 per day pro rata, including overtime, in hire for the charter of the aforementioned vessel. Additionally, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the charter party, Defendant was obligated to pay Plaintiff the sum of \$1,400.00 per month for Defendant's victualling, communication and entertainment expenses.
- 5. A copy of the contract is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and incorporated by reference herein.
- 6. Plaintiff delivered to Defendant the aforementioned vessel under the terms of the contract which was conforming in all respects to the conditions specified in the charter.

- 7. On June 28, 2007, Plaintiff issued a final statement to Defendant in the total amount due Plaintiff from Defendant of US \$647,805.05 and reflecting the balance of accounts in respect of hire due under the charter, alleged periods of off-hire, broker's commission, the value of bunkers on delivery and redelivery, expenses for representation, communications and victualizing, Plaintiff's and Defendant's respective expenses, and Defendant's prior payments. A copy of Plaintiff's final statement and its transmittal are attached as Exhibit "B" and incorporated by reference herein.
- 8. Although various discussions took place between Plaintiff's and Defendant's legal representatives in London concerning security for Plaintiff's claim, no agreement has been reached between the parties, and, as the transmittal contained in Exhibit "B" indicates, all such discussions were expressly conducted without prejudice to Plaintiff's right to seek security "by any means necessary".
- 9. As a consequence of the foregoing, Defendant is in breach of the contract of charter party, which breach has resulted in Plaintiff suffering damages in the amount due and owing.
- 10. The charter party provides, in Clause 17, that any disputes arising thereunder shall be submitted to arbitration in London, England and, as provided in Rider Clause 30, according to English law.
- 11. In view of Defendant's failure to pay hire on a prior occasion, on November 11, 2005, Plaintiff demanded arbitration and appointed an arbitrator in respect of all disputes under the charter party. Because prior disputes between the parties have not yet resulted in an award, the arbitrator retains jurisdiction over all disputes under the charter party, including Plaintiff's substantive claims alleged herein.

- 12. Plaintiff specifically reserves the right to arbitrate the substantive matters in dispute pursuant to the aforementioned arbitration provision and before the appointed arbitrator.
- 13. In addition to an attachment in the full amount of the claim as outlined above, Plaintiff also seeks attachment of an additional sum to cover interest and its anticipated attorneys' fees in the arbitration of this dispute, as, and to the extent, recoverable under English law.
- 14. Plaintiff estimates that it will take approximately two years before an arbitration award is likely to be rendered on the instant dispute, particularly given the existence of other interested parties (such as the vessel's head owner) which will likely result in a "chain" arbitration.
- 15. Given this time frame, Plaintiff seeks to attach funds sufficient to cover its anticipated claim of interest during the aforementioned period in the estimated amount of US \$107,794.75, which is calculated at a rate of eight percent for two years.
- 16. Plaintiff also seeks to attach funds sufficient to cover its anticipated legal fees and costs, the recoverable portion of which are presently estimated at US \$150,000.00.
- 17. Based upon the foregoing, the sum total sought to be attached in this action is US \$905,599.80, consisting of Plaintiff's principal claim of US \$647,805.05, interest of \$107,794.75 and recoverable legal fees and costs of US \$150,000.00.
- 18. Upon information and belief, and after investigation, Defendant cannot be "found" within this District for the purpose of Rule B of the Supplemental Rules for Certain Admiralty and Maritime Claims, but Plaintiff avers, on information and belief, that Defendant has, or will have during the pendency of this action, assets within this District comprising, *interalia*, cash, funds, wire transfers, electronic funds transfers, accounts, letters of credit, freights, sub-freights, charter hire and/or sub-charter hire, or any other tangible or intangible property, of, belonging to, due, claimed by or being held by or for the benefit of Defendant (hereinafter

"assets"), located at, moving through, or held by, any garnishee(s) located within this District, including but not limited to HSBC (USA) Bank; Bank of America N.A.; The Bank of New York; Citibank N.A.; JPMorganChase Bank; Standard Chartered Bank; Wachovia Bank N.A.; Deutsche Bank AG; Barclays Bank PLC; UBS A.G.; Credit Suisse; Nordea Bank Finland PLC; Fortis Financial Services LLC; ABN-AMRO Bank N.V.; American Express Bank Ltd.; Bank of China, and/or others.

19. Plaintiff, for its part, has satisfied all of its obligations under the terms of the charter party.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, METALL UND ROHSTOFF SHIPPING (AND HOLDINGS) B.V., prays:

- a. That process in due form of law according to the practice of this Court may issue against Defendant, SAMSUN LOGIX CORPORATION., citing it to appear and answer the foregoing, and failing such appearance and answer, to have judgment by default against the Defendant in the principal amount of the claim, plus interest, costs and reasonable attorneys' fees;
- That if Defendant cannot be found within this District pursuant to b. Supplemental Rule B, that all assets of Defendant up to and including the sum of \$905,599.80 may be restrained and attached, including but not limited to any cash, funds, credits, wire transfers, electronic funds transfers, accounts, letters of credit, freights, sub-freights, charter hire, sub-charter hire, and/or other assets of, belonging to, due, or for the benefit of, Defendant, including but not limited to such assets as may be held, received or transferred in their own name or as may be held, received or transferred for its benefit at, moving through, or within the possession, custody or control of banking institutions including but not limited to HSBC (USA) Bank, Bank of America, The Bank of New York, Citibank N.A., JPMorganChase Bank, Standard Chartered Bank, Wachovia Bank N.A., Deutsche Bank AG, Barclays Bank PLC, UBS A.G., Credit Suisse, Nordea Bank Finland PLC, Fortis Financial Services LLC, ABN-AMRO Bank N.V., American Express Bank Ltd., Bank of China, and/or any other garnishees(s) upon whom a copy of the Process of Maritime Attachment and Garnishment issued in this action may be served;
- c. That this Court retain jurisdiction over the matter for any further or supplemental proceedings as may be necessary in order to give effect to the London arbitration; and

d. For such other, further and different relief as this Court may deem just and proper in the circumstances.

Dated: August 10, 2007

LAW OFFICES OF SIMON HARTER, ESQ.

Attorneys for Plaintiff,

METALL UND ROHSTOFF SHIPPING (AND

HOLDINGS) B.V.

By:

Simon Harter (SH-8540)

304 Park Avenue South – 11th Floor

New York, New York 10010

(212) 979-0250 (Phone)

(212) 979-0251 (Fax)

ATTORNEY VERIFICATION

SIMON HARTER verifies the following pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1746:

- 1. I am a member of the Law Offices of Simon Harter, Esq., Attorneys for Plaintiff, METALL UND ROHSTOFF SHIPPING (AND HOLDINGS) B.V., in this action and a Member of the Bar of this Honorable Court. I have read the foregoing Verified Complaint and know the contents thereof, and the same is true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.
- 2. The sources of my information and the grounds for my belief are communications, information, and documentation provided by the Plaintiff and/or its duly authorized agents.
- 3. The reason this Verification is made by an attorney and not the Plaintiff is because the Plaintiff is a foreign entity, none of whose officers are presently within this Judicial District.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on the 10th day of August, 2007.

Simon Harter (SII-8540)

Law Offices of Simon Harter, Esq. 304 Park Avenue South – 11th Floor

New York, New York 10010

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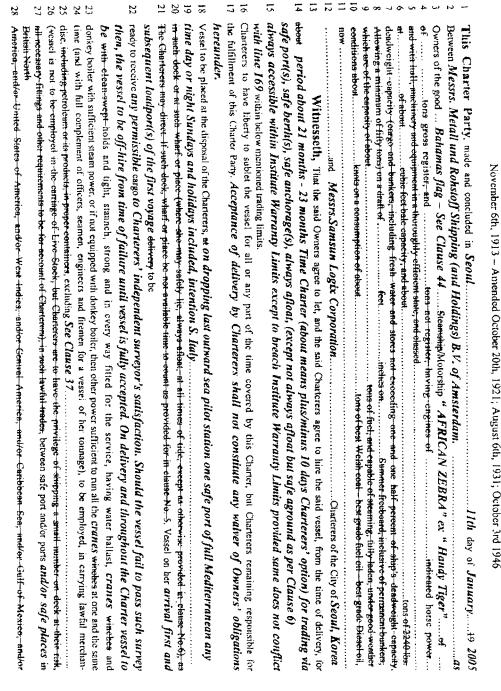
EXHIBIT "A"

FIRST ORIGINAL

Time Charter

SWID CHARITY

Approved by the New York Produce Exchange





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anytime day or night Sundays and

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notice of vessels expected date of re-delivery, and probable port.

5. Payment of said hire to be made to the bank account designated by Owners in London in New York in cash in United States Currency, semi-monthly 15 days in advance, and for the last 15 days half-month or

part of same the approximate amount of hire, and should same not cover the actual time, hire is to be paid for the balance day by day, as it becomes

holidays includedunless otherwise mutually agreed. Charterers are to give Owners not less than 30/20/15days approximate and 10/5/3/2/1

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Document 1

Best the Charterers or their Agents shall direct, on the following conditions: Best the Charterers or their Agents shall direct, on the following conditions: Best the Charterers or their Agents shall direct, on the following conditions, wages, and consular shipping and discharging fees of the Crew and watchmen/garbage 1. That the Owners shall provide and pay for the 1. That the Owners shall provide and pay for the 1. That the Owners shall provide and pay for the 1. That the Owners shall provide and pay for the 1. That the Owners shall provide and pay for all the cabin, deek, engine-room and other necessary stores, including boiler water and maintain her class and keep 1. Institute of the crew for call the cabin, deek, engine-room and other necessary stores, including boiler water and maintain her class and keep 1. Institute of the crew of the Crew and water and equipment with all certificates necessary to comply with current 2. That, whilst on hire, the Charterers shall provide and pay for all the fuel except as otherwise agreed, Port Charges, customary Pilotages, and 2. That, whilst on hire, the Charterers shall provide and pay for all the fuel except as otherwise agreed, Port Charges, customary Pilotages, and 2. That, whilst on hire, the Charterers shall provide and pay for all the fuel except as otherwise agreed, Port Charges, customary Pilotages, and 2. That, whilst on hire, the Charterers shall provide and pay for all the fuel except as otherwise agreed, Port Charges, customary Pilotages, and 2. That, whilst on hire, the Charterers shall provide and pay for all the fuel except as otherwise agreed, Port Charges, customary Pilotages, and 2. That, whilst on hire, the Charterers shall provide and pay for all the fuel except as otherwise agreed, Port Charges, customary Pilotages, and 2. That, whilst on hire, the Charterers shall provide and pay for all the fuel except as otherwise agreed, Port Charges, customary Pilotages, and 2. That, whilst on hire, the Charterers and constitutions. 2. That,	charterers are to provide necessary dunnage and shifting boards, also any extra fittings regularly aboard vessel, Charterers are to provide necessary dunnage and shifting boards, also any extra fittings requisite for a special trade or unusual cargo, but Charterers are to provide necessary dunnage and shifting boards, also any extra fittings requisite for a special trade or unusual cargo, but Charterers are to provide necessary dunnage and shifting boards, also any extra fittings requisite for a special trade or unusual cargo, but	Owners to allow them the use of any dunnage unu uny outer juiters of any source of any dunnage thereto:	for dumnage, they making good any damage thereo. 3. That the Charterers, at the port of delivery, and the Owners, at the port of re-delivery, shall take over and pay for all fact remaining on 3. That the Charterers, at the port of delivery, and the Owners, at the port of re-delivery, shall take over and pay for all fact none than towns and not more than towns. See Clause 35 to and the vessel at the correct prices in the respective ports, the vessel to be delivered with not less than town more than towns. See Clause 35	10 to the rest livered with not less than	4. That the Charterers shall pay for the use and hire of the said Vessel at the rate of	summer freeboard, per Calundar Month, commencing o	stores, or	and after the same rate for any part or a my	and after the same rate for any parties lost) at on dropping last outward sea pilot or passing on safe port, port in Charterers' option wear and tear excepted, to the Owners (unless lost) at on dropping last outward sea pilot or passing on safe port, port in Charterers' option wear and tear excepted, to the Owners (unless lost) at on dropping last outward sea pilot or passing on safe port, port in Charterers' option wear and tear excepted, to the Owners (unless lost) and or option of the Owners (unless lost) and option of the Owners (unless lost) at outward sea pilot or passing on safe port, port in Charterers' option
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terers, without prejudice to any claim they (the Owners) may otherwise have on the Charterers, (see Citation 1977)—three count from the more of the many otherwise have not the many otherwise of the charterers, they following that on which written notice of readiness has been given to Charterers or their Agents before 4 p.m., but if required by Charterers, they to have the privilege of using vessel at once, such time used to count as hire. Cash for vessel's ordinary disbursaments at any port may be advanced as required by the Captain, by the Charterers or their Agents, subject Cash for vessel's ordinary disbursaments at any port may be advanced as required by the Captain, by the Charterers or their Agents, subject Cash for vessel's ordinary disbursaments at any port may be advanced as required by the Captain, by the Charterers or their Agents, subject Cash for vessel's ordinary disbursaments at any port may be advanced as required by the Captain, by the Charterers or their Agents, subject Cash for vessel's ordinary disbursaments at any port may be advanced as required by the Captain, by the Charterers or their Agents, subject Cash for vessel's ordinary disbursaments at any port may be advanced as required by the Captain, by the Charterers or their Agents, subject Cash for vessel's ordinary disbursaments at any port may be advanced as required by the Charterers.	due, if so required by Owners, unless bank guarantee or deposit is made by the Charterers, otherwise failing the punctual and regular payment of the lire, or bank guarantee, or on any breach of this Charter Party, the Owners shall be at liberty to withdraw the vessel from Tann on the working the Charter of the Charter (see Clause 62).
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22222 to 2 3% commission and such advances shall be deducted of such advances.

6. That the eargo or cargoes be laden and/or discharged in any dock or at any wharf or place or anchorage in port or elsewhere that Charterers or

69 direct, provided the vessel can safely lie always affost at any time of tide, except at such places in Brazil and River Plate, Buenaventura Sauda, where it is customary for similar size vessels to safely

70 71 72 73 74 75 76 paying Owners.......per day per passenger for accommodations and meals. However, it is agreed that in ease any fixes or extra expenses are tackle, apparel, furniture, provisions, stores and fuel. Charterers have the privilege of passengers as far as accommodations allow. Charterers accommodations for Supercargo, if carried, shall be at the Charterers' disposal, reserving only proper and sufficient space for Ship's officers, crew, lie aground. incurred in the consequences of the carriage of passengers. Charterers are to bear such risk and expense. No passengers allowed. 7. That the whole reach of the Vessel's Hold, Beeks, and usual places of loading (not more than she can reasonably stow and carry), also

agency, and Charterers are to load, stow, and trim and discharge the eargo at their expense under the supervision of the Captain, who is to sign or when boats. The Captain (although appointed by the Owners), shall be under the orders and directions of the Charterers as regards employment and required by Charterers or their Agents to sign on his behalf Bills of Lading for That the Captain shall prosecute his voyages with the utmost despatch, and shall render all customary assistance with ship's crew and

receiving particulars of the complaint, investigate the same, and, if necessary, make a change in the appointments. cargo as presented, in conformity with Mate's or Tally Clerk's receipts.

9. That if the Charterers shall have reason to be dissatisfied with the conduct of the Captain, Officers, or Engineers, the Owners shall on

79 80 81 82 83 83 85 Clerks, Stevedore's Foreman, etc., Charterers to compensate Owners lumpsum US\$1,400 monthly or pro-rata in respect of Charterers' with the numost despatch. He is to be furnished with free accommodation, and same fare as provided for Captain's table, Charterers paying at the rate of US\$10.00 \$1.00 per day. Owners to victual Pilots and Customs Officers, and also, when authorized by-Charterers or their Agents, to victual Tally victualling, communication and entertainment, paying at the current rate per meal, for all such victualling. That the Charterers shall have permission to appoint a Supercargo, who shall accompany the vessel and see that voyages are prosecuted

86 87 88 terers, their Agents or Supercargo, when required, with a true copy of daily deck and engine Logs, showing the course of the vessel and distance run and the Captain small keep a full and correct Log, of the voyage or voyages, which are to be patent to the Charterers or their Agents, and furnish the Char-11. That the Charterers shall furnish the Captain from time to time with all requisite instructions and sailing directions, in writing, and the

sumption of fiel as well as revolutions of main engine and velocity of and direction of wind and sea, all English language

90 90 91 93 93 94 96 on giving writen notice thereof to the Owners or their Agents..... their Agents to have the option of cancelling this Charter at any time not later than the day of vessel's readiness. not have given written notice of readiness on or before 28th February, 2005 but not later than 4 p.m. Charterers or Flast the Chartevers shall have the option of continuing this charter for a further period of...... That the Captain shall use diligence in caring for the ventilation of the cargo.days previous to the expitation of the first named term, or any declared option. The vessel's estimated time of

readiness is 15th/17th February, 2005. Laycan to be narrowed by Owners into 10days spread by 3th February, 2005.

97 That in the event of the loss of time from deficiency and/or default and/or strike of crew and/or of men or deficiency of stores, fire

99 grounding, detention by average accidents to ship or cargo, drydocking for the purpose of examination or painting bottom, or by any other cause whatsoever preventing the full working of the vessel, the payment of hire shall cease for the time thereby lost and all extra expenses may be breakdown or damages to hull, machinery or equipment,

deducted from the hire; and if upon the voyage the speed be reduced by

defect in or breakdown of any part of her hull, machinery or equipment, the time so lost, and the cost of any extra fuel consumed in consequence

thereof, and all extra expenses shall be deducted from the bire.

100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 renumed to the Charterers at once. The act of God, enemies, fire, restraint of Princes, Rulers and People, and all dangers and accidents of the Seas, Rivers, Machinery, Boilers and Steam Navigation, and errors or Navigation throughout this Charter Party, always mutually excepted. The vessel shall have the liberty to sail with or without pilots, to tow and to be towerd, to assist vessels in distress, and to deviate for the 16. That should the Vessel be lost, money paid in advance and not earned (reckoning from the date of loss or being last heard of) shall be

purpose of saving life and property.

<u>8</u> 18. That the Owners shall have a lien upon all cargoes, and all sub-freight for any amounts due under this Chartor, including General Average contributions, and the Chartorers to have a lien on the Ship for all monies paid in advance and not earned, and any overpaid hire or excess deposit to be returned at once. Chartorers will not suffer, nor permit to be continued, any lien or encumbrance incurred by them or their agents, which the purpose of enforcing any award, this agreement may be made a rule of the Court. The Arbitrators shall be commercial men. See further Arbitration 17. That should any dispute arise between Owners and the Charterers, the matter in dispute shall be referred to three persons at London New York one to be appointed by each of the parties hereto, and the third by the two so chosen; their decision or that of any two of them, shall be final, and for

110 111 112 might have priority over the title and interest of the Owners in the vessel York Aniwesp Rules 1974 as amended 1994 or any amendment thereto at London as to matters not provided for by these rules, Crew's proportion. General Average shall be adjusted, stated and settled, according to Rules 1 to 15, inclusive, 17 to 22, inclusive, and Rule F of according to the Luw and usages of London 1924, at such port or place in the United States as may be selected by the entrier, and as to matters not 19. That all derelicts and salvage shall be for Owners' and Charterers' equal benefit after deducting Owners and Charterers' expenses and

117 118 119 120 121 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 earner, be payable in United States money and be remitted to the adjuster. When so remitted the deposit shall be held in a special account at the required, be made by the goods, shippers, consigned or owners of the goods to the earlier before delivery. Such deposit shall, at the option of the or his agents may deem sufficient as additional security for the contribution of the goods and for any sulvage and special charges thereon, shall, if bom! and such additional security, as may be required by the carrier, must be famished before delivery of the goods. Such each deposit as the carrier the rate-prevailing on the last day of discharge at the port or place of final discharge of such damaged eargo from the ship. Average agreement or United-States mency at the rate prevailing on the dates made and allowances for damage to eargo claimed in foreign currency shall be converted at Rules, according to the laws and usages at the port of New York. In such adjustment disbursoments in foreign currencies shall be exchanged into United States money. Charter hire not to contribute to General Average. place of adjustment in the name of the adjuster pending settlement of the General Average and refunds or credit balances, it any, shall be paid in provided for by these

whether due to negligence or not, for which, or for the consequence of which, the corner is not responsible, by statute, contract, or otherwise, the goods, the supper and the consignee, jointly and severally, shall contribute with the carrier in general average to the payment of any sacrifices goods. If a salving ship in owned or operated by the curier, salvinge shall be lesses, or expenses of a general average nature that may be made or incurred, and shall pay salvage and special charges incurred in respect of the in the event of accident, danger, damage, or disaster, before or after commencement of the voyage resulting from any cause whatsoever same manner as if such salving ship or

Provisions as to General Average in accordance with the above are to be included in all bills of lading issued hercunder.

cost of replacing same, to be allowed by Owners. Fuel used by the vessel while off hire, , also for cooking, condensing water, or for grates and stoves to be agreed to as to quantity, and the Document 1

135 136 137 138 139 place within Singapore/Japan range. See Clause 81 Owners shall maintain the gear of the ship as fitted, providing gear (for all cranes derrieks) capable of handling lifts up to their maximum

142 4 same, otherwise equipment and year for heavier lifte shall be for Charecres' account. Owners also to provide on the vessel power and electric light on providing ropes, falls, slings and blocks. If vessel is filted with servicks capable of handling beavier lifts, Owners are to provide necessary gear—for capacity in accordance with the Description Clause three tons, also deck and in cargo holds as on board sufficient for night work in all holds simultaneously tentens and oil for

Charterers to have the use of any gear on board the vessel. inght-work, and vessel to give use of electric light when so litted, but any additional lights over those on board to be at Charteren expense. The

143 145 146 147 steamer to provide one winchmen per hatch to work winches day and night, as required. Charlerers agreeing to pay officers, engineers, winchmen, dock hands and donkeymen for eventime work done in accordance with the working hours and takes stated in the ship's articles. If the rules of the port, or labor unions, prevent erew from driving winches, shore Cranemen Winchmen to be paid by Charterers. In the event of a disabled crane or cranes unless caused by stevedores wincher winches, or 23. Vessel to work night and day, if required by Charterers, and all cranes winehes to be at Charterers' disposal during loading and discharging:

149 insufficient power to operate crane or cranes winekes, Owners to pay for shore engine, or engines, in lieu thereof, if required, and pay any loss of time and extra directly related expenses including but no limited to standby expenses, occasioned

150 151 152 153 etc.," in respect of all cargo shipped under this charter to or from the United States of America. It is further subject to attached protective clauses the in the Act of Congress of the United States approved on the 13th day of February, 1893, and entitled "An Act relating to Navigation of Vessels; It is also mutually agreed that this Charter is subject to all the terms and provisions of and all the exemptions from liability contained

of which ure to be included in all bills of lading issued hereunder. U.S.A. Clause Paramount

be repugnant to said Act to any extent, such term shall be will to that extent, but no further. any of its rights or immunities or an moreuse of any of its responsibilities or liabilities under said Act. If any tenn of this bill of lading 16, 1936, which shall be deemed to be incorporated herein, and nothing herein contained shall be deemed a surrender by the carrier of This bill of Inding shall have effect subject to the provisions of the Carriage of Goods by Sea Act of the United States, approved April Both-to-Blame Collision Clause

25. The vessel shall not be required to enter any ice-bound port, or any port where lights or light-ships have been or are about to be with-drawn by reason of ice, or where there is risk that in the ordinary course of things the vessel will not be able on account of ice to safely enter the or liability represents loss of, or damage to, or any claim whatsever of the owners of said goods, paid or payable by the other or non-carrying ship or her owners to the owners of said goods and set off, recouped or recovered by the other or non-carrying ship or her owners as part of their claim against the earrying ship or carrier. hereunder will indemnify the Carrier against all loss or liability to the other or non-carrying ship or her owners in so far as such loss Master, mariner, pilot or the servants of the Corner in the navigation or in the management of the ship, the owners of the goods carried If the ship comes into collision with another ship as a result of the negligence of the other ship and any set, neglect or default of the

areas where there is a danger of sea ice. port or to get out after having completed loading or discharging. Vessel never to force nor push ice nor to follow ice breaker, nor trade to The owners to remain responsible for the

navigation of the vessel, insurance, crew, and all other matters, same as when trading for their own account 26. Nothing herein stated is to be construed as a demise of the vessel to the Time Charterers.

175	174	173	172
28. An address commission of 2 1/2 per cent payable to	174 on hire earned and paid under this Charter, and also upon any continuation or extension of this Charter.	173 to Peruco Chartering (USA) Llc.	172 27. A commission of 2-1/2. 1.25 per cent is payable by the Vessel and Owners to Global Ship Chartering Corporation Plus 1.25 percent

Clauses 29 through 94 are fully incorporated in this Charter Party.

This Charter Party is a computer generated copy of the NYPE (Revised 3rd October, 1946) form printed under licence from the Association of Ship Brukers & Agents (U.S.A), Inc., using software which is the copyright of Strategic Software Umited.

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THE OWNERS:

THE CHARTERERS:

Enclosed on behalf of SALCOCATION

Global Ship Chartering Corporation For and on behalf of

Metall und Rohstoff Shipping (and Holdings) B.V., Amsterdam By authority dated $20^{\rm th}$ Jan '05

As brokers only

29. Additional Fittings

Charterers to have the option of welding padeyes and angles, except on fuel tank tops and hoppers, and epoxy painted areas, at their own arrangement expense subject to Master's prior consent and supervision.

Charterers to remove all padeyes and angles at Charterers' time and expenses under the Master's supervision before redelivery, unless Owners request Charterers to maintain same without removal, in which case Charterers will be free from removing padeyes and angles.

30. Arbitration

This Charter Party shall be governed by English Law. The arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the London Maritime Arbitrators' Association (L.M.A.A.) terms current at the time when the arbitration proceedings are commenced.

It is hereby agreed that all claims below US \$ 50,000 excluding interest and costs shall be settled as per LMAA Small Claims Procedure current at the time when the arbitration proceedings are commenced.

31. Arrest

Should the vessel be arrested during the currency of this Charter at the suit of any person (including the Charterers) having or purporting to have a claim against or any interest in the vessel, except that arrest is caused by cargo claims to which Owners/Master are not responsible or claims incurred due to irregularity of Bills of Lading issued under Charterers' Letter of Indemnity, hire under this Charter Party shall not be payable in respect of any period whilst the vessel remains under arrest and remains unemployed as a result of such arrest and the Owners shall reimburse to the Charterers any expenditure which they may incur under this Charter in respect of any period during which by virtue of the operation of the Clause no hire is payable.

32. Asian Gypsy Moth

Owners guarantee that upon delivery to Charterers the vessel is free of any infestation by the Asian gypsy moth or its eggs. Should the Owners fail to fulfil their guarantees as above, the Owners shall indemnify the Charterers from any loss or damage sustained by Charterers and all consequences arising from/in connection with such failure including but not limited to any delay, extra expenses, fines, cost of removal of such moth or its eggs and/or even trans-shipment of cargo if on board, regardless of whether or not the vessel would be banned from entering into or ordered to leave the Canadian and/or U.S. waters/ports because of said failure.

When Charterers direct the vessel to the area infested by Asian gypsy moth, Charterers shall, at Charterers' time and expense, undertake to arrange a certificate issued by an appropriate authority of such area/port certifying that the vessel is free from infestation by Asian



Document 1

gypsy moth or its eggs and thereby Owners shall not be held responsible for any consequences at the next destined ports.

33. Bill of Lading

The Charterers or their Agents are authorised to issue and sign Bills of Lading and/or Sea Way Bills on Charterers' form on Owners' and/or Master's behalf, in which case the Charterers to indemnify Owners against all consequences or liabilities arising from their so signing of Bills of Lading and/or Sea Way Bills on Owners' behalf. No through Bills of Lading to be used.

34. **Bulldozers**

Charterers to have the option to use the bulldozers in vessel's holds, provided not exceeding the tank top strength. If required the vessel to lift onboard the bulldozers by use of vessel's gear.

35.

Bunkers on delivery about 800 -1,000 metric tons IFO and about 100 metric tons MDO.

Bunkers on redelivery to be about same quantity as on delivery. Bunker prices both ends: USD175.00 per metric ton Intermediate Fuel Oil and USD420.00 per metric ton MDO.

Charterers' option to supply RMF 25 in South Africa.

Charterers to pay bunker value on delivery together with first hire.

Owners have the option to supply bunkers for the vessel at bunker/loading/ discharging port of last voyage, provided not affecting Charterers' cargo intake and loading/discharging operations.

Bunker Quality/ supply:

Charterers to supply vessel with Intermediate Fuel Oil (380 CST) ISO 8217 1996 RME23 MDQ ISO 8217 (1996) DMB Charterers to supply bunkers only in accordance with these specifications and subsequent amendments or bunkers of similar specification available at port of bunkering. In any case bunkers not to be inferior than those described

Replenishment of bunkers is arranged and paid for by the Charterers under the supervision of the Master/Chief Engineer. Master to pay due diligence so that vessel does not cause oil spillage from vessel during bunkering. Master not to be responsible for actions/lack of diligence of bunkering barge or bunker supplier or any spillage caused by bunkering barge.

Samples to be taken (by drip method where possible) whilst bunkering, one set to be held on board. Vessel not to be called upon to bunker outside of port limits without prior approval of Owners.

Cargo Claims/ P & I Club 36.

Owners guarantee that the vessel is entered and shall remain entered in a Protection and Indemnity Association which is a member of the Group of International P & I Clubs for the duration of this Charter Party. Entry shall include, but not to be limited to, ordinary cover for cargo claims.

In the case of damage to and/or loss of cargo carried on the vessel in which Owners' and/or Charterers' liability could be involved under the terms of this Charter Party, as the case may be, the Owners and/or the Charterers shall on request grant reasonable time extension for commencement of such in each and every occurrence. Such extensions shall not prejudice the ultimate responsibility of both parties. Liability for cargo claims as between Charterers and Owners, shall be settled in accordance with the Interclub New York Produce Exchange Agreement of September 1996 and any subsequent amendments.

Owners' P & I Club: SKULD

Charterers' P & I Club: STEAMSHIP MUTUAL

If required by Charterers, Owners to authorise and instruct Owners' P & I Club to confirm directly to any party as ordered by Charterers that the vessel is fully covered for P & I and that collection of premiums are up to date.

Cargo Exclusions 37.

It is understood that the vessel is not employed in the carriage of the following cargoes:

Livestock, tar, turning and motor blocks, nuclear and radioactive materials and its waste, petroleum and its by-products, pitch in bulk, sodium sulfate, sulphur, logs, (see below) HBI, calcium hydrochloride, bonemeal, charcoal, turpentine, seed cake, oil cake, (see below) copra, pond coal, pebbles, sponge iron, asphalt, arms, ammunition, sunflower seeds expeller, ammonium nitrate (explosive grade), naphtha and its products, direct reduced iron, asbestos, hides, creosoted goods, calcium toxic waste, carbide, explosives (black powder, blasting caps, detonators, loaded bombs, dynamite and TNT), acids, brown coal, fishmeal, ammonium nitrate, ammonium sulphate, possium nitrate, sodium sulphate, dangerous and inflammable cargo.

Charterers have the liberty to load light pulpwood and eucalyptus logs, but in any case only vessels fitted for carriage of logs to load West African within the vessel's strength and ability, DRI and DRIP not to be allowed, cargoes excluded by flag state not to be carried, oilcakes and seedcakes not to be allowed and any cargo requiring CO2 fittings not to be allowed.

Owners allow maximum two cargoes each of scrap/ petcoke/salt/ cement/ sulphur per year (which not to be last cargo) see below

in case of loading salt:

This cargo shall be loaded, stowed, carried, and discharged strictly in accordance with applicable national/international regulations and/or IMO Code and recommendations at Charterers' risk and expense.

If paint coating/lime washing of holds is required by Shippers or Owners, Charterers to arrange following at the Charterers' time and expenses: to coat holds with paint / lime, which is supplied by Charterers to Master's satisfaction prior to loading salt and to arrange removal of the same to Master's satisfaction.

Charterers may request the vessel's crew to perform above services paying lumpsum US\$1,000 per hold subject to Charterers being held responsible for any consequences arising out of such extra works imposed on them by Charterers.

In case of loading cement:

Charterers may request the vessel's crew to perform hold cleaning paying lumpsum US\$1,500 per hold subject to Charterers being held responsible for any consequences arising out of such extra works imposed on them by Charterers. Charterers to provide vessel and crew with necessary equipment to clean vessel after loading cement. Cement not to be last cargo.

In case of loading scrap:

Scrap to be shredded and/or HMS 1 and 2, or other scrap of similar/better quality, but in any case not worse quality, always excluding motor blocks and turnings and oil scrap.

First layer of scrap in each hold not to be released until touching tank top. Thereafter sufficient loads of scrap to be lowered as close as possible to the bottom of each hold, so as to provide a proper flooring and cushion to Master's satisfaction. Plates and structurals, if any, always to be lowered into vessel's holds. Charterers and/or their servants to do due diligence when loading and discharging in order to prevent pieces of scrap from falling on vessel/vessel's deck.

Charterers to arrange, at their time and expenses, holds survey before loading and after discharging to ascertain damages to the holds.

Should electro magnets be used during loading and discharging then the risk/time/ expenses of recalibrating vessel's compass (if necessary) to be for Charterers' account.

In case of loading petroleum coke:

Charterers to carry cargo of petroleum coke (whether it be full or part cargo), subject to the following conditions:

1) the petroleum coke mentioned herein is limited to the type of non hazardous / non dangerous green delayed type and/or calcined type.

- 2) if Charterers exercise such option, Charterers undertake to use as few holds as possible provided vessel's stability trim and stress permitting.
- 3) such cargo to be loaded / stowed / trimmed / discharged strictly according latest IMO and/or any other latest regulations / rules applicable to such cargo. also petroleum cokes with temperatures including and over 52 degrees centigrade not allowed.
- 4) should any additional / special wash down of holds before loading be reasonably recommended / proposed / required by Master or Shipper, Charterers undertake to arrange the same at their expense / time. After discharging of such cargo, Charterers to arrange at their expense time any additional/special wash down of holds including using chemicals as Master reasonably considers it necessary. Charterers may request the vessel's crew to perform above services paying lumpsum US\$1000 per hold.
- 5) any extra expenses resulting therefrom / incurred thereby and any detention through any of the above causes to be for Charterers' account.

All cargoes carried under this charter to be loaded, stowed, carried and discharged in accordance with recommendations of Imo Code of Safe Practice in accordance with IMO/local authority recommendations for such cargo.

P & I Nuclear Clause

Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this Charter, it is agreed that nuclear fuels or radioactive products or waste are specifically excluded from the cargo permitted to be loaded or carried under this Charter Party. This exclusion does not apply to radio isotopes used or intended to be used for any industrial, commercial, agricultural, medical or scientific purpose, provided Owners' prior approval has been obtained to the loading thereof.

Steel Cargoes

A joint pre-shipment survey to be arranged with Owners and Charterers P & I clubs and cost of survey to be shared between Owners and Charterers with copy reports being made available to both parties. Charterers' P & I Club to arrange surveys and furnish copy to Owners.

Steel cargoes to be sufficiently dunnaged/lashed/secured and unlashed/ unsecured at Charterers' expense, risk and in their time by stevedores under the supervision of the Master and up to his satisfaction.

Vessel not to be called upon to stow by use of "block California stow

method".

Heavy Colls

If required by Charterers, Owners confirm that heavy steel coils may be loaded line for line in as many tiers as is necessary but always within vessel's permissible tanktop strengths and to Master's satisfaction with regard to stress, trim and stability requirements. Coils to be loaded in accordance IMO and in compliance with local load/discharge port authorities regulations.

Concentrates

Charterers' option to load concentrates, always in accordance with IMO, Canadian Board of Trade and local regulations and recommendations. Moisture test of cargo to be taken by competent authority just prior to loading and a certificate, stating moisture content is within Imo regulations, to be handed to Master prior loading commences. All costs for Charterers account.

Pig Iron

In the event that vessel loads pig iron at Ponta da Madeira, vessel to be washed down, at Charterers' time and expense with fresh water prior commencement of loading, any extra cleaning and repainting of vessel's deck and super structure caused by the adhesion of pig iron dust to be for Charterers' account.

Certificates/Vaccinations 38.

Owners are obliged to deliver and maintain throughout the currency of this Charter Party the vessel, her crew and anything pertaining hereto supplied with up-to-date and complete certificates (including Oil Pollution Certificates), approvals, equipment and fittings enabling the vessel and her crew to trade within the trading limits and to load, carry and discharge all cargoes permitted under this Charter Party.

Officers and crew to comply with vaccination and sanitary regulations in all ports of call and corresponding certificates to be available onboard, enabling the vessel to obtain radio free pratique.

If requested, Owners to provide Charterers with copies of any certificates/ approvals.

Any time lost and all extra expenses resulting from Owners' noncompliance with the above to be for Owners' account and may be deducted from hire.

39. Crew Service

With reference to Clause 8 of this Charter Party "customary assistance" shall include but not be limited to:

All opening and closing of hatches, when and where required. a)



- Raising and lowering of derricks and rigging cranes, if fitted, and/or gangways in preparation for loading and discharging. b)
- Shaping up vessel's holds/hatches and cranes, if fitted, as much as possible prior arrival at loading and/or discharging places so c) as to immediately commence loading and/or discharging operations.

The above services shall be considered as a minimum and shall in no way be construed as an alternative to or reduction in the standard of services from Officers and crew required under this Charter Party.

Deck Cargo 40.

Chartereres have the option to carry cargo on deck at their own risk and expense but always within vessel's stability, within vessel's deck and hatch cover strength, in accordance with solas/IMO Rules, and Master's prior approval and satisfaction.

Charterers to provide and pay for all lashing and stowing/securing material and/or fitting required.

Bills of Lading for deck cargo to be claused "shipped ondeck at Charterers/Shippers/receivers risk, responsibility and expense and without liability on the part of the vessel or her Owners for any loss of damage, expense or delay whatsoever and howsoever caused.

Deductions 41.

The Charterers may deduct from the Charter hire any amount disbursed for Owners' account. In addition, Charterers may deduct from the last hire payment the reasonable estimated expenses incurred by Charterers for Owners' account, notwithstanding that vouchers may not then have reached Charterers for submission to Owners, provided that the difference between estimated expenses and actual expenses shall be adjusted and settled when vouchers available.

Delivery of Cargo against Letter of Indemnity 42.

In case of non availability of original Bill(s) of Lading at discharge port(s), Owners/ Master to allow discharge/release/change of destination of entire cargo against a single Letter of Indemnity in Owners' standard P and I Club wording signed by Charterers only.

In the event that Charterers instruct the vessel to change discharging port after Bills of Lading or Sea Way Bills have been issued, Owners shall comply with such instructions upon receipt of a faxed copy of a single Letter of Indemnity always giving reasons for deviation, on Owners' standard P & I Club wording signed by Charterers' only. Original change of destination Letter of Indemnity to follow by mail.

Delivery/Redelivery Time 43.

Delivery and redelivery time to be calculated basis Greenwich Mean

Time.

Description Clause 44

All details are about, given in good faith and without guarantee

mv AFRICAN ZEBRA – EX HANDY TIGER Singledeck, Bulkcarrier built 1985, Classed B.V Bahamas Flag

Call sign: C6UE7 About 38,632 metric tons dwat on 11.066 m. ssw - tpc 46.7

LOA/Beam: 189.940 m/28.4 m Intl GT/NT: 23,207/12,963

5 holds/5 hatches 4 cranes 25 tons swl

Average speed/consumption:

Ballast: about 13.5 knots on about 22.5 metric tons 380CST + 1.0 metric tons MDO

Laden: about 13.5 knots on about 25.0 metric tons 380CST + 1.0

metric tons MDO at sea In port: Idle, blended of about 0.4/0.6 metric tons MDO + 1.2/2.0 metric

tons IFO Working, blended of about 0.8/1.2 metric tons MDO + 2.0/3.2 metric tons IFO

Vessel has liberty to use MDO for manouvering in narrow waters, canals, rivers, on entering and leaving ports and in adverse weather.

Vessel's speed and consumption as warranted elsewhere in this Charter Party is warranted in good weather conditions, no adverse current, no negative influence of swells and not exceeding Beaufort force 4 and Douglas Seastate 3. Calculation of vessel's performance on both laden and ballast passages to be based upon average speed/ consumption during weather days up to Beaufort 4 and Douglas Seastate 3. Laden or ballast speed and consumption for period of weather in excess of Beaufort 4 and Douglas Seastate 3 is to be expressly excluded from calculations.

Double Banking 45.

Charterers have the right to load and/or discharge on double banking basis at loading and/or discharging port at a safe dock or wharf or anchorage where it is customary and safe for vessels of similar size and type to do so, always subject to Master's reasonable satisfaction.

Any additional equipment/ facilities such as fenders whenever considered necessary by the Master are to be supplied by the

Charterers in their time and at their expense. If at any time during the operation the master reasonably considers it unsafe to continue due to

adverse weather conditions etc., he may order the other vessel(s) and/or barge(s) away from his vessel or remove his own vessel in order to avoid prejudicing the safety of the vessel(s). Any additional insurance premium net of all rebates, if required by vessel's Underwriters to be for Charterers' account. Amount not to exceed the premium calculated on the basis of an advisory rate quoted by the Chairman of Breach of Warranty Committee on the London market.

Houseflag/Markings 46.

The Charterers shall have the liberty of flying/marking their own flag at their expense.

Boycott 47.

Owners warrant that the vessel's crew is and will be during the period of this Charter Party employed under a bona fide agreement, the standard of which is fully acceptable to the ITF and Unions in all countries not excluded in this Charter Party. In the event of the vessel being denied or restricted in the use of port and/or loading and/or discharging facilities or shore labour and/or tug or pilotage assistance or of any other restrictions, detention or any loss of time whatsoever due to boycott or arrest of the vessel or due to government restrictions, all caused by the vessel and/or by reason of the terms and conditions on which members of the crew are employed or by reason of any trading of this or any other vessel under same ownership or operation or control, the payment of hire shall cease for the time thereby lost and all extra expenses incurred due to above are to be for Owners' account and may be deducted from hire.

In Lieu of Hold Cleaning 48.

Charterers shall have the option of redelivering the vessel without cleaning of holds against paying the Owners a lumpsum of US\$ 4,500.00 in lieu of such cleaning including removal/disposal of dunnage/lashing material

Bimco U.S. Security Clause 49.

If the vessel calls in the United States, including any U. S. territory, the following provisions shall apply with respect to any applicable security regulations or measures:

Notwithstanding anything else contained in this Charter Party all costs or expenses arising out of or related to security regulations or measures required by any U.S. authority including, but not limited to, security guards, launch services, tug escorts, port security fees and inspections, shall be for the Charterers' account, unless such costs or expenses results solely from the Owners' negligence.

50. Insurance

Basic war risk insurance and crew war bonus to be for Owners' account. In the event Charterers employ the vessel in a trade for which there is an additional war risk insurance premium on hull and

machinery, Charterers to pay such additional premium on vessel's current war risk policies but in any case not to exceed that for minimum coverage under the London Underwriters' minimum scale.

Such extra insurance premium for Charterers' account to be settled with next hire payment after receipt of proper vouchers from the Owners' Underwriters.

If war situation becomes serious, Owners have the right to refuse the vessel entering into war zone, and Owners and Charterers shall further discuss in good faith an alternative arrangement. Conwartime 1993 Clause to be incorporated in this Charter Party.

51. Intermediate Hold Cleaning

If requested by Charterers and permitted by shore/stevedore regulations as well as weather/sea conditions, crew will carry out intermediate hold cleaning for Charterers. Charterers to pay Owners US\$ 600.00 per hold, but US\$1,000.00 per hold for salt/petcoke and US\$ 1,500.00 per hold for cement however, the Master/crew/vessel are not held responsible for results/consequences of such intermediate hold cleaning.

52. Forklift trucks/bulldozers/grabs/magnets etc. shall be allowed to be used in the holds if necessary, provided always within the vessel's permissible load.

53. Loading of Steel

Steel cargoes to be sufficiently dunnaged/lashed/secured and unlashed/ unsecured at Charterers' expense, risk and in their time by stevedores under the supervision of the Master and up to his satisfaction.

54. Notices

Owners are to give Charterers 15 days definite notice of vessel's delivery and are to let Charterers know immediately of any change in vessel's position.

55. Off-Hire

Should the vessel put back whilst on voyage by reason of an accident or breakdown or in the event of loss of time either in port or at sea or deviation upon the course of the voyage caused by sickness of or accident to the crew or any person on board the vessel (other than passengers or supercargo travelling by request of the Charterers), or by reason of the refusal of the Master or crew to perform their duties, or oil pollution, even if alleged, or capture/seizure or threatened detention by any authority/legal process, the hire shall be suspended from the time of inefficiency until the vessel is again efficient in the same or equidistant position in Charterers' option and voyage resumed therefrom. All extra expenses incurred including bunkers consumed



during period of suspended hire shall be for Owners' account.

During any off-hire period estimated to exceed 10 days, the Owners to give the Charterers not less than 5 days definite notice of resumption of the service.

If the vessel has been off-hire for a period of more than 40 days, the Charterers are at liberty to cancel the balance of this Charter Party, in which case redelivery shall take place upon vessel being free of cargo, irrespective of redelivery ranges. Charterers' option to add any off-hire periods provided such option is declared 90 days prior to last day of redelivery.

Oil Pollution 56.

Owners guarantee to provide and maintain during the entire timecharter period at their expense and carry on board the vessel a valid U.S. Certificate of Financial Responsibility. Owners also guarantee to have secured current certificates for other countries/federal states or municipal or other division or authority thereof, where such certificates and/or guarantee are required. All such certificates to be valid throughout the entire timecharter period.

The Charterers shall in no case be liable for any damage as a result of the Owners' failure to obtain the aforementioned certificates. Time lost by non- compliance to be considered as off-hire and may be deducted from hire and Owners hold Charterers harmless against any direct consequential losses, damages or expense.

57. On/Off-Hire Survey

At port of delivery, in Owners' time and at last discharge port prior to redelivery in Charterers' time a joint on/off-hire survey to be held by a single independent surveyor jointly appointed. Cost of same to be equally shared between Owners and Charterers. Vessel only to be offhire for actual working time lost due to surveys.

Panama/Suez Canal 58.

Owners warrant that the vessel is fitted for the transit of the Suez and Panama Canal in loaded and/or ballast condition and complies with all and any regulations of the relevant canal authority and shall not be subject to any conditions of transit not customarily required by the relevant canal authority whether pursuant to their regulations or otherwise. Should the vessel not comply with all warranties contained in this clause and/or any regulations or conditions of transit laid down by the relevant authority, Charterers may suspend hire for all time lost and Owners to pay all expenses arising as a consequence of Owners' failure to comply with the warranty.

59.

If requested Owners to courier to the Charterers Capacity Plan,

Deadweight Scale and General Arrangement Plan.

60. Power Clause

The vessel to supply free of expense to Charterers' account 440 volt 3 phase 60 cycles per crane from the slip ring of the crane within the maximum capacity of 350 ampere provided that cranes of the vessel cannot be used for operation and left idle. Charterers have the right to fit magnets or other loading/discharging equipment customary to the trade onto vessel's cranes subject to vessel's lifting capacity. Charterers to arrange the outlet/socket/ suitable cabtire cables and other necessary fittings at the Charterers' time, risk and expenses.

61. Protective Clauses

The New Jason Clause, Both-to-Blame Collision Clause, New Both-to-Blame Collision Clause to be read as per standard printing and not be influenced by any mis-typing, the General Paramount Clause, U.S Clause Paramount, Canadian Clause Paramount, Conwartime 1993, P & I Bunkering Clause as applicable and attached are all to be considered incorporated into this Charter Party and all Bills of Lading issued under this Charter shall include all said clauses.

The USA/Canadian Clause Paramount as applicable or the Hague Rules as enacted in countries other than the USA or Canada as applicable to be incorporated in all Bills of Lading.

62. Punctual Payment

Referring to lines 60 and 61, where there is any failure to make "punctual and regular payment". Charterers shall be given by Owners 3 banking days written notice excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays to rectify the failure before exercising any right of withdrawal and where so rectified the payment shall stand as punctual and regular payment.

63. Sea Carrier Initiative Agreement

Owners and Charterers confirm that they are both signatories to the Sea Carrier Initiative Agreement in order to co-operate with the U.S. Customs Service in the fight against the drug menace.

64. N.A.A.B.S.A.

NAABSA to be applied to the vessel subject to the following conditions:

- The place where NAABSA is applied shall be limited to Brazilian port(s). River Plate, Buenaventura and Sauda only as per NYPE Clause 6
 - II. Charterers undertake that the vessel can safely lie aground on soft mud at all times of tide.
 - III. When the vessel enter into muddy port(s), the mud in ballast



tank shall be removed with Master's satisfaction at Charterers' time and expenses.

Stevedore Damage 65.

Should any damage be caused to the vessel or her fittings by the Charterers or their stevedores the Master is to

- Give written notice to the Charterers or their Agent or servant within 48 hours of full particulars of the damage caused and a) name of the party allegedly responsible for the damage.
- Promptly but latest within 24 hours of the occurrence give written notice to the party allegedly responsible, giving full b) particulars of the damage and its alleged cause and obtain the written acknowledgement of liability from such party, or failing that, the acknowledgement of receipt of such notice.
- Immediately arrange, in conjunction with Charterers' Agents, for c) the damage to be surveyed and an estimate of the repair costs Such time spent for damage survey shall be counted on hire and surveyors' fees to be paid by Charterers.

Failing the aforementioned the Charterers are not to be responsible for such damage and/or loss of time, except for hidden damage which must be attended to as per the above procedure immediately it is discovered, but latest prior to redelivery. Damage affecting vessel's seaworthiness or trading capability to be repaired prior redelivery, other damage may be left to next regular drydock if required.

Taxes 66.

Taxes and/or dues and/or charges and/or freights and/or hires and/or sub-hires whatsoever imposed on cargo by any local or national authorities arising out of trade under this Charter Party to be borne by Charterers. Taxes levied by governments other than that of Owners' domicile or vessel's flag on earnings under this Charter Party shall be for Charterers' account.

Trading Limits 67.

Worldwide trading always afloat, see Clause 64, within institute warranty limits via safe berth(s), safe port(s), safe anchorage(s) excluding: Sudan, Turkish occupied Cyprus. Cuba, Israel, Iraq, Cambodia, North Korea, Somalia, Ethiopia, Syria, Liberia, Serbia, Montenegro, Russian/CIS Pacific ports and any area(s) and/or countries banned and boycotted by USA/United Nations, war or warlike zone and any other countries prohibited from calling by the flag state.

Charterers' liberty to trade Arabian Gulf (always excluding Iraq)

provided there are no war activities evidenced by further increase in war risk premium over levels pertaining on date of this charter party and trading or operation of the ship and or crew not restricted by Greek government and/or seaman's union.

Vessel not to be required to trade or proceed directly between China and Taiwan or Taiwan and China.

Embargoes

The Charterers undertake not to load cargo for a port where there is an existing embargo or boycott against the flag and nationality of this vessel which in existence prior to Charterers' declared intention to call such port. Charterers' trading of the vessel not to expose Owners to blacklisting.

Vessel not to trade in countries or areas where U.N. or U.S. embargo exists.

Warranties 68.

Owners warrant that as from date of new ownership:

- is not blacklisted by Arab countries nor anywhere else within the agreed trading limits
- has not traded Cambodia, Cuba, Israel and North Korea
- is eligible for bunkers in the United States of America, its and possessions in accordance with directives from the United States Department of Commerce, Office of International Trade.

Watertight Hatches 69.

The Owners guarantee that on vessel's delivery and throughout the currency of this Charter the vessel's hatchcovers are watertight. All hatches are to be carefully attended by the crew to prevent leakage.

Weather Routing 70.

The Charterers may supply an independent weather bureau advice to the Master during voyages specified by the Charterers and the Master shall comply with the reporting procedures of the weather bureau, however, the Master remains responsible for the safe navigation and choice of route. Evidence of weather conditions shall be taken from vessel's deck logs and independent weather bureau's reports

This fixture to be kept strictly private and confidential 71.

72. Hire Details

Hire



Odaily including overtime payable 15 days in advance

Hire payable into Owners' bank account nett of any deductions or transmitting cost from remitting bank.

OWNS' BANKING DETAILS:

Correspondent Bank: Chase Manhattan Bank, New York

(Swift code CHASUS33)

Beneficiary Bank: Chase Manhattan Bank, London

(Swift Code CHASGB2L)

In favour of: Account no. 22002810, FirstRand Bank Limited For Further Credit of: Metall und Rohstoff Shipping Holdings BV

Account no. 1801028001

Bill of Lading 73.

When and if required Charterers may carry one original Bill of Lading onboard against which the cargo may properly be released on instructions received from Shippers/Charterers. All such Bills of Lading must incorporate the following wording "One original Bill of Lading retained on board against which Bill delivery of cargo may properly be made on instructions received from Shippers/Charterers"

74. I.S.M.

From the date of coming into force of the International Safety Management (ISM) Code in relation to the vessel and thereafter during the currency of this Charter Party, the Owners shall procure that both the vessel and "the Company" (as defined by the ISM Code) shall comply with the requirements of the ISM Code.

Upon request the Owners shall provide a copy of the relevant Document of Compliance (DOC) and Safety Management Certificate (SMC) to the Charterers. Any loss, damage, expense or delay caused by failure on the part of the Owners or "the Company" to comply with the ISM Code shall be for the Owners' account.

Charterers have the option to perform hose/pressure/ultrasonic or 75. similar test at their own expense. In case the vessel fails such survey Owners to rectify the same at their own time and cost and cost and time of the subsequent test(s) to be for Owners' account.

Inspection 76.

The Charterers or their nominee has the right to inspect the vessel and its records at any given time during the currency of this Charter. Owners/crew are to fully co-operate during such inspection. Vessel to remain on hire during inspection(s) ordered by Charterers.

Lay-Up 77. The Charterers shall have the liberty or order the laying up of the

vessel at a safe berth or port for any period of this Charter. In the event of such lay up. Owners shall promptly take steps to effect all possible economies in operation costs if so required by Charterers. The Owners will estimate all such savings including (but not limited to) reductions in insurance and manning costs. If the vessel is laid up the Charter hire shall be reduced by the amount of any savings actually made by the Owners during the laying up period.

Charterers shall bear any expenses related to re-activation of the vessel. Owners shall not be penalised for reduction of speed due to marine growth after laying up and bottom cleaning, if required, shall be held at Charterers' time and expense.

War Cancellation 78.

In the event of war between/among People's Republic of China, Russia, United States of America, Britain and Greece which directly affecting the performance of this Charter, both the Charterers and the Owners have the option of cancelling this Charter Party. In any event such cancellation shall take place after discharge of cargo at the destination.

Vessel's Performance 79.

If the Charterers have reason to be dissatisfied with the performance of the vessel provided for in the Charter Party, the Owners on receiving particulars of complain(s) shall immediately investigate and take appropriate steps to correct the situation

Sea Waybills 80.

Whenever Charterers issue Sea Waybills instead of Bills of Lading, such Sea Waybills shall always be deemed to incorporate all the terms and conditions, liberties, clauses and exceptions of this Charter Party including the Law and Arbitration Clause, Paramount Clause, General Average Clause, New Jason Clause and Both-to-Blame Collision Clause.

Owners shall deliver the cargo to a party or parties nominated by Charterers as Consignee written in the Waybill and once cargo has been thus delivered Owners shall not be responsible for any nondelivery claim from other parties.

Drydocking 81.

The Owners shall have the option to place the vessel in drydock during the currency of this Charter at a convenient time and place to be mutually agreed between the Owners and the Charterers for bottom cleaning and painting and/or repair as required by class or directed by circumstances.

Bills of Lading 82.

Whilst, as mentioned elsewhere in this Charter Party, Charterers or their agents have the authority to sign Bills of Lading on Master's behalf, it is agreed that Bills of Lading will be claused with remarks as actually



appearing on Mate's receipts.

In the event that vessel trades to the USA then bills of lading to be made out in a way acceptable to the US authorities falling which Charterers to be liable for any fines, delays or expenses arising therefrom.

83.

Whilst Charterers have the option to load two or more cargoes in the same hold. Charterers to supply, erect, dismantle and dispose of any and all separations at their risk and expense. Final distribution and position of any cargo within vessel and holds to be at Master's discretion and to his satisfaction. Any claims arising from contamination or admixture or sweat damage to cargo carried in the same hold to be for Charterers' account. Should Charterers load containers, Owners not to be responsible for stowage of cargo in containers, nor cargo claims arising therefrom. Owners not to be responsible for stuffing or unstuffing of containers

Hamburg Rules 84.

Neither Charterers nor their agents shall permit the issue of any Bill of Lading, Waybill or other document evidencing a contract (whether or not signed on behalf of the Owners or on the Charterers behalf or on behalf of any Subcharterers incorporating where not compulsorily applicable, the Hamburg Rules or any legislation giving effect to the Hamburg Rules or any other legislation imposing liabilities in excess of the Hague or Hague Visby Rules.

Necessaries Clause 85.

In no event shall Charterers procure, or permit to be procured, for the vessel, any supplies/services on the credit of the vessel or her Owners.

Use of Charterers agents 86.

Charterers agree that their agents will undertake without charge normal ship's husbandry as Owner's agents if required by Owners. However, this does not include any extraordinary business such as major crew changes, major repairs, dry docking, general average, etc., when Owners are obliged to appoint their own agent or to employ and adequately fund in advance Charterers' agents at the local recognised agreed agency tariff.

Ballast Water 87.

Any detergent/disinfectant required by authorities to be added to ballast water in order to enable the vessel to ballast/deballast holds/spaces within national waters of respective countries, to be supplied by Charterers, and this to be done at Charterers time, risk and expense.

Additional Equipment 88.

Any additional equipment required at ports over and above that which the vessel has on board), to be hired/and/or supplied by Charterers at

their time and expense.

Garbage Removal, Gangway Watchmen 89.

Dues for garbage removal and gangway watchmen, which are a compulsory requirement of the port, and thus a normal port expense, to be for Charterers account. If such items are not compulsory port expenses, then same to be for Owners' account.

90.

In the event that Charterers wish to make a performance claim against the vessel, any claim to be fully documented. Any performance disputes to be decided as final by giving equal weight to log and Ocean Routes.

Crane breakdown. 91.

In the event of a disabled crane or cranes, or insufficient power to operate cranes, Owners to pay for suitable shore engine(s) or crane(s) and also for any stevedore standby directly occasioned thereby. Hire to be reduced proportionately to the total number of operative hatches intended to be worked at the time, for all time lost due to the crane or cranes being unavailable as a result of disability or loss of power. However, once sufficient shore cranes ordered by Owners are in place then full hire to resume.

Paperless trading 92.

Owners/Master not to be called upon to participate in, or use any system or contractual arrangement the predominant purpose of which is to replace paper based documentation in shipping or international trade with electronic messages, including, without limitation, the 'Bolero System' or other paperless system. Any contract of carriage or bill of lading to be evidenced by a paper document.

BIMCO ISPS Clause for Time Charter Parties 93.

- (i) From the date of coming into force of the International Code for the Security of Ships and of Port Facilities and the relevant amendments to Chapter XI of SOLAS (ISPS Code) in relation to the Vessel and thereafter during the currency of this Charter Party, the Owners shall procure that both the Vessel and "the Company" (as defined by the ISPS Code) shall comply with the requirements of the ISPS Code relating to the Vessel and "the Company". Upon request the Owners shall provide a copy of the relevant International Ship Security Certificate (or the Interim International Ship Security Certificate) to the Charterers. The Owners shall provide the Charterers with the full style contact details of the Company Security Officer (CSO).
- (ii) Except as otherwise provided in this Charter Party, loss, damage, expense or delay, excluding consequential loss, caused by failure on the part of the Owners or "the Company" to comply with the



requirements of the ISPS Code or this Clause shall be for the Owners' account.

(b)

(i) The Charterers shall provide the CSO and the Ship Security Officer (SSO)/Master with their full style contact details and, where sub-letting is permitted under the terms of this Charter Party, shall ensure that the contact details of all sub-charterers are likewise provided to the CSO and the SSO/Master. Furthermore, the Charterers shall ensure that all sub-charter parties they enter into during the period of this Charter Party contain the following provision:

"The Charterers shall provide the Owners with their full style contact details and, where sub-letting is permitted under the terms of the charter party, shall ensure that the contact details of all sub-charterers are likewise provided to the Owners".

(ii) Except as otherwise provided in this Charter Party, loss, damage, expense or delay, excluding consequential loss, caused by failure on the part of the Charterers to comply with this Clause shall be for the Charterers' account.

(c)

Notwithstanding anything else contained in this Charter Party all delay, costs or expenses whatsoever arising out of or related to security regulations or measures required by the port facility or any relevant authority in accordance with the ISPS Code including, but not limited to, security guards, launch services, tug escorts, port security fees or taxes and inspections, shall be for the Charterers' account, unless such costs or expenses result solely from the Owners' negligence. All measures required by the Owners to comply with the Ship Security Plan shall be for the Owners' account.

(d)

If either party makes any payment which is for the other party's account according to this Clause, the other party shall indemnify the paying party.

U.S. Customs Advance Notification/ AMS Clause for Time Charter 94. **Parties**

- (A) If the vessel loads or carriers cargo destined for the U.S. or passing through U.S. ports in transit, the Charterers shall comply with the current U.S. customs Regulations (19 CFR 4.7) or any subsequent amendments thereto and shall undertake the role of carrier for the purposes of such regulations and shall, in their own name, time and expense:
 - i) Have in place a SCAC (Standard Carrier Alpha code);
 - ii) Have in place a ICB (International Carrier Bond);
 - iii) Provide the Owners with a timely confirmation of i) and ii) above; and

- iv) Submit a cargo declaration by AMS (Automated Manifest System) to the U.S. Customs and provide the Owners at the same time with a copy thereof.
- (B) The Charterers assume liability for and shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Owners against any loss and/or damage whatsoever (including consequential loss and/or damage) and/or any expenses, fines, penalties and all other claims of whatsoever nature, including but not limited to legal costs, arising from the Charterers' failure to comply with any of the provisions of sub-clause (A). Should such failure result in any delay then, notwithstanding any provision in this Charter Party to the contrary, the vessel shall remain on hire.'
- (C) If the Charterers' ICB is used to meet any penalties, duties, taxes or other charges which are solely the responsibility of the Owners, the Owners shall promptly reimburse the Charterers for those amounts.
- (D) The assumption of the role as carrier by the Charterers pursuant to this Clause and for the purpose of the U.S. Customs Regulations (19 CFR 4.7) shall be without prejudice to the identity of carrier under any Bill of Lading, other contract, law or regulation.

BOTH TO BLAME COLLISION CLAUSE

If the liability for any collision in which the vessel is involved while performing this Charter Party fails to be determined in accordance with the laws of the United States of America, the following clause shall apply:

BOTH TO BLAME COLLISION CLAUSE

If the ship comes into collision with another ship as a result of the negligence of the other ship and any act, neglect or default of the Master, Mariner, Pilot or the servants of the carrier in the navigation or in the management of the ship, the Owners of the goods carried hereunder will indemnify the carrier against all loss or liability to the other or non-carrying ship or her Owners in so far as such loss or liability represents loss of or damage to or any claim whatsoever of the Owners of the said goods, paid or payable by the other or non-carrying ship or her Owners to the Owners of the said goods and set off, recouped or recovered by the other or non-carrying ship or her Owners as part of their claim against the carrying ship or carrier.

The foregoing provisions shall also apply where the Owners, Operators or those in charge of any ship or ships or objects other than, or in addition to, the colliding ships or objects are at fault in respect to a collision or contact.

and the Charterers shall procure that all Bills of Lading issued under this Charter Party shall contain the same clause.



GENERAL AVERAGE AND THE NEW JASON CLAUSE

General Average shall be payable according to the York/Antwerp Rules 1974 but where the adjustment is made in accordance with the law and practice of the United States of America, the following clause shall apply:

NEW JASON CLAUSE

In the event of accident, danger, damage or disaster before or after the commencement of the voyage, resulting from any cause whatsoever whether due to negligence or not, for which or for the consequence of which the carrier is not responsible by statute, contract or otherwise, the goods, shippers, consignees or owners of the goods shall contribute with the carrier in general average to the payment of any sacrifices, losses or expenses of a general average nature that may be made or incurred and shall pay salvage and special charges incurred in respect of the goods.

If a salving ship is owned or operated by the carrier, salvage shall be paid for as fully as if the said salving ship or ships belonged to strangers. Such deposit as the carrier or his agents may deem sufficient to cover the estimated contribution of the goods and any salvage and special charges thereon shall, if required, be made by the goods, shippers, consignees or owners of the goods to the carrier before delivery.

and the Charterers shall procure that all Bills of Lading issued under this Charter Party shall contain the same clause.

GENERAL CLAUSE PARAMOUNT

This Bill of Lading shall have effect subject to the provisions of any legislation relating to the carriage of goods by sea which incorporates the rules relating to Bills of Lading contained in the International Convention dated Brussels, 25th August, 1924 and which is compulsorily applicable to the contract of carriage herein contained. Such legislation shall be deemed to be incorporated herein, but nothing herein contained shall be deemed a surrender by the carrier of any of its rights or immunities or an increase of any of its responsibilities or liabilities thereunder. If any term of this Bill of Lading be repugnant to any extent to any legislation by this clause incorporated, such term shall be void to that extent but no further. Nothing in this Bill of Lading shall operate to limit or deprive the carrier of any statutory protection or exemption from, or limitation of, liability.

CANADIAN CLAUSE PARAMOUNT

This Bill of Lading, so far as it relates to the Carriage of Goods by Water, shall have effect, subject to the provisions of the Water Carriage of Goods Act 1936, enacted by the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, which shall be deemed to be incorporated herein and nothing herein contained shall be deemed a surrender by the Carrier of any of its rights or immunities or an increase of any

of its responsibilities or liabilities under the said Act. If any term of this Bill of Lading be repugnant to said Act to any extent such terms shall be void to that extent but no further.

U.S.A. CLAUSE PARAMOUNT

This Bill of Lading shall have effect subject to the provisions of the Carriage of Goods by Sea Act of the United States, approved I6 April, 1936, which shall be deemed to be incorporated herein and nothing herein contained shall be deemed a surrender by the carrier of any of its rights or immunities or an increase of any of its responsibilities or liabilities under said Act. If any term of this Bill of Lading be repugnant to said Act to any extent, such term shall be void to that extent, but no further.

BIMCO Standard War Risk Clauses for Time Charters 1993 Code Name "CONWARTIME 1993"

- 1 For the purpose of this Clause the words:
 - a) "Owners" shall include the shipowners, bareboat Charterers, disponent Owners, managers or other operators who are charged with the management of the vessel and the Master and
 - b) "War Risks" shall include any war (whether actual or threatened), act of war, civil war, hostilities, revolution, rebellion, civil commotion, warlike operations, the laying of mines (whether actual or reported), acts of piracy, acts of terrorists, acts of hostility or malicious damage, blockades (whether imposed against all vessels or imposed selectively against vessels of certain flags or ownership, or against certain cargoes or crews or otherwise howsoever), by any person, body, terrorist or political group or the government of any state whatsoever which, in the reasonable judgement of the Master and/or the Owners, may be dangerous or are likely to be or to become dangerous to the vessel, her cargo, crew or other persons on board the vessel.
- The vessel, unless the written consent of the Owners be first obtained, shall not be ordered to or required to continue to or through any port, place, area or zone (whether of land or sea) or any waterway or canal, where it appears that the vessel, her cargo, crew or other persons on board the vessel, in the reasonable judgement of the Master and/or the Owners may be, or are likely to be, exposed to war risks. Should the vessel be within any such place as aforesaid which only becomes dangerous or is likely to be or to become dangerous after her entry into it, she shall be at liberty to leave it.
- 3 The vessel shall not be required to load contraband cargo, or to pass through any blockade, whether such blockade be imposed on all vessels or is imposed selectively in any way whatsoever against vessels of certain flags or ownership or against certain cargoes or crews or



otherwise howsoever, or to proceed to an area where she shall be subject, or is likely to be subject to a belligerents right of search and/or confiscation.

- a) The Owners may effect war risks insurance in respect of the hull and machinery of the vessel and their other interests (including but not limited to loss of earnings and detention, the crew and their Protection and Indemnity risk) and the premiums and/or calls therefore shall be for their account.
 - b) If the Underwriters of such insurance should require payment of premiums and/or calls because, pursuant to the Charterers' orders, the vessel is within or is due to enter and remain within any area or areas which are specified by such Under- writers as being subject to additional premiums because of war risks, then such premiums and/or calls shall be reimbursed by the Charterers to the Owners at the same time as the next payment of hire is due.
 - c) If the Owners become liable under the terms of employment to pay to the crew any bonus or additional wages in respect of sailing into an area which is dangerous in the manner defined by the said terms, then such bonus or additional wages shall be reimbursed to the Owners by the Charterers at the same time as the next payment of hire is due.
 - 5 The vessel shall have liberty:
 - a) to comply with all orders, directions, recommendations or advice as to departure, arrival, routes, sailing in convoy, ports of call, stoppages, destinations, discharge of cargo, delivery or in any other way whatsoever which are given by the government of the nation under whose flag the vessel sails, or other government to whose laws the Owners are subject, or any other government, body or group whatsoever acting with the power to compel compliance with their orders or directions;
 - to comply with the order, directions or recommendations of any war risks underwriters who have the authority to give the same under the terms of the war risks insurance;
 - c) to comply with the terms of any resolution of the Security Council of the United Nations, any directives of the European Community, the effective orders of any other Supernational body which has the right to issue and give the same and with national laws aimed at enforcing the same to which the Owners are subject and to obey the orders and directions of those who are charged with their enforcement;
 - d) to divert and discharge at any other port any cargo or part thereof which may render the vessel liable to confiscation as a contraband

carrier.

- to divert and call at any other port to change the crew or any part thereof or other persons on board the vessel when there is reason to believe that they may be subject to internment, imprisonment or other sanctions.
- If in accordance with their rights under the foregoing provisions of this Clause the Owners shall refuse to proceed to the loading or discharging ports or any one or more of them, they shall immediately inform the Charterers. No cargo shall be discharged at any alternative port without first giving the Charterers notice of the Owners' intention to do so and requesting them to nominate a safe port for such discharge. Failing such nomination by the Charterers within 48 hours of the receipt of such notice and request, the Owners may discharge the cargo at any safe port of their own choice.
- 7 If in compliance with any of the provisions of sub-clause (2) to (7) of this Clause anything is done or not done, such shall not be deemed a deviation, but shall be considered as due fulfilment of this Charter Party.

EXHIBIT "B"

Mobile +45 4044 9032

+45 4586 0414

```
Print For: krb
Type....: Email - Internet
Msg.Nr...: OUT 110512
Created..: 28-Jun-2007 10:55
Sent....: Not Sent.
Author...: KRB
Destinat .: PERACO USA
Subject..: M/V AFRICAN ZEBRA - Samsun
----- Recipients: -----
TO: Peraco Chartering (USA), Inc
CC: Van Velden Attorneys
CC: Van Velden Attorneys // Mr. David Richter
CC: Van Velden Attorneys // Mr Mark Van Velden
CC: Metall und Rohstoff Shipping RSA (Pty.) Ltd. // Mc Henrik Andersen
CC: Metall und Rohstoff Shipping RSA (Pty.) Ltd. // Mr Shabeer Mohamed
CC: gf@misa.co.za
Please always reply to operation@murship.dk
 To Peraco
 Cc As listed
 Fm MUR Shipping DK
 Soren / Klaus
 Ref.: M/V AFRICAN ZEBRA - Samsun
 Please find attached our revised PFHS, also including the Lagos
 deductions which we understand are presently being discussed by head
 owners and Oldendorff.
 The sum due to owners is USD 647.805,05, and accordingly we require security in
 the total sum of USD 900,000( the principal sum plus allowance for interests
 and costs).
 MUR understand that our respective lawyers are currently in discussions
 as to security. However, the existence of those discussions does not
 affect MUR's right to seek security by any means necessary.
 B.rgds
 MUR Shipping DK
 Klaus Borgstrom
          +45 7023 2404
 Main
 Direct +45 4516 0213
```

"AFRICAN ZEBRA" - Samsun Logix t/c - c/p dated 11.01.2005

FSM 10124

debit

credit

Hire (all times = GMT):

21/02/05 09:30 - 23/01/07 18:36 hrs 701.379167 days at USD 20,530.00

14,399,314.29

Alleged off-hire (see appendix):

851,813.93

Commission 3.75 pct:

508,031.28

Bunkers on delivery:

1,084 mts IFO at USD. 175.00 pmt. 105.30 mts MDO at USD. 420.00 pmt.

189,700.00 44,226.00

Bunkers on redelivery:

1021.1 mts IFO at USD. 175.00 pmt. 72.3 mts MDO at USD. 420.00 pmt.

178,692.50 30,363.00

Representation/communication/victualling:

USD. 1,400.00 per 30 days

32,731.03

Cables during off-hire

1,936.20

Charterers' expenses (see appendix):

86,706.05

Owners' expenses (see appendix) - subject to Owners' approval:

76,297.01

Payments made (see appendix):

12,457,735.40

Subtotals

14,752,677.37 14,104,872.32

Balance in Owners favour as per above

647,805.05 E. & O. E.

KRB - date 28/06/2007